

does it impose any new Federal requirements.

#### List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Air pollution control, Carbon monoxide, Hydrocarbons, Intergovernmental relations, Lead, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Particulate matter, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides.

Dated: January 26, 1995.

**Patrick M. Tobin,**

*Acting Regional Administrator.*

Part 52 of chapter I, title 40, *Code of Federal Regulations*, is amended as follows:

#### PART 52—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 42 U.S.C. 7401–7671q.

#### Subpart PP—South Carolina

2. Section 52.2122, is amended by designating the introductory text as paragraph (a) and adding paragraph (b) to read as follows:

##### § 52.2122 Approval status.

\* \* \* \* \*

(b) EPA disapproved South Carolina's generic bubble regulation submitted for approval into the State Implementation Plan (SIP) on June 5, 1985.

[FR Doc. 95–5574 Filed 3–7–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

#### 40 CFR Part 180

[PP 4F4328/R2112; FRL–4940–5]

RIN 2070–AB78

#### ***Pseudomonas Syringae*; Exemption From the Requirement of a Tolerance**

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This rule establishes an exemption from the requirement for a tolerance for residues of *Pseudomonas syringae* in or on all raw agricultural commodities when applied postharvest in accordance with good agricultural practices. EcoScience Corp. requested this exemption.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This regulation becomes effective March 8, 1995.

**ADDRESSES:** Written objections and hearing requests, identified by the document control number, [PP4F4328/R2112], may be submitted to: Hearing Clerk (1900), Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. M3708, 401 M St., SW.,

Washington, DC 20460. A copy of any objections and hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk should be identified by the document control number and submitted to: Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. In person, bring a copy of objections and hearing requests to Rm. 1132, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA 22202. Fees accompanying objections shall be labeled “Tolerance Petition Fees” and forwarded to: EPA Headquarters Accounting Operations Branch, OPP (Tolerance Fees), P.O. Box 360277M, Pittsburgh, PA 15251.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** By mail: Sheryl K. Reilly, Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division (7501W), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, (703)–308–8265.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In the **Federal Register** of May 11, 1994 (59 FR 24429), EPA issued a notice that the EcoScience Corp., One Innovation Drive, Worcester, MA 01545, had submitted pesticide petition PP 4F4328 to EPA proposing to amend 40 CFR part 180 by establishing a regulation pursuant to section 408 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), 21 U.S.C. 346a(d), to exempt from the requirement of a tolerance the residues of the biological control agent, Bio-Save 10, containing the active ingredient *Pseudomonas syringae* in or on pears, apples, lemons, oranges, and grapefruit when applied postharvest in accordance with good agricultural practices.

There were no comments received in response to the notice of filing.

*Pseudomonas syringae* is naturally occurring and was originally isolated from apples.

The data submitted in the petition and all other relevant material have been evaluated. The toxicological data considered in support of the exemption from the requirement of a tolerance include an acute oral toxicity/pathogenicity study, an acute dermal toxicity study, an acute pulmonary toxicity/pathogenicity study, an acute intravenous toxicity/pathogenicity study, a primary eye irritation study, and a primary dermal irritation study.

The results of these studies indicated that the organism was not toxic to test animals when administered via oral, dermal, pulmonary, or intravenous routes.

The active ingredient was not infective or pathogenic to test animals in any of the studies. Minimal ocular

irritation observed in the eye irritation study dissipated within 5 days; very slight skin irritation noted immediately following exposure to the compound dissipated within 2 days. There have been no reports of hypersensitivity related to the active ingredient. All of the toxicity studies submitted are considered acceptable.

The toxicology data provided are sufficient to demonstrate that there are no foreseeable human health hazards likely to arise from the use of *Pseudomonas syringae* on all raw agricultural commodities when applied postharvest in accordance with good agricultural practices.

Acceptable daily intake (ADI) and maximum permissible intake (MPI) considerations are not relevant to this petition because the data submitted demonstrated that this biological control agent is not toxic to humans by dietary exposure. No enforcement actions are expected. Therefore, the requirement for an analytical method for enforcement purposes is not applicable to this exemption request. This is the first exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for this biological control agent.

Based on the information considered, the Agency concludes that establishment of a tolerance is not necessary to protect the public health. Therefore, the exemption from tolerance is established as set forth below.

Any person adversely affected by this regulation may, within 30 days after publication of this document in the **Federal Register**, file written objections to the regulation and may also request a hearing on those objections. Objections and hearing requests must be filed with the Hearing Clerk, at the address given above (40 CFR 178.20). A copy of the objections and/or hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk should be submitted to the OPP docket for this rulemaking. The objections submitted must specify the provisions of the regulation deemed objectionable and the grounds for the objections (40 CFR 178.25). Each objection must be accompanied by the fee prescribed by 40 CFR 180.33(i). If a hearing is requested, the objections must include a statement of the factual issue(s) on which a hearing is requested, the requestor's contentions on such issues, and a summary of any evidence relied upon by the objector (40 CFR 178.27). A request for a hearing will be granted if the Administrator determines that the material submitted shows the following: There is genuine and substantial issue of fact; there is reasonable possibility that available evidence identified by the requestor would, if established, resolve

one or more of such issues in favor of the requestor, taking into account uncontested claims or facts to the contrary; and resolution of the factual issue(s) in the manner sought by the requestor would be adequate to justify the action requested (40 CFR 178.32).

Under Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, Oct. 4, 1993), the Agency must determine whether the regulatory action is "significant" and therefore subject to all the requirements of the Executive Order (i.e., Regulatory Impact Analysis, review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB)). Under section 3(f), the order defines "significant" as those actions likely to lead to a rule (1) having an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more, or adversely and materially affecting a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or State, local, or tribal governments or communities (also known as "economically significant"); (2) creating serious inconsistency or otherwise interfering with an action taken or planned by another agency; (3) materially altering the budgetary impacts of entitlement, grants, user fees, or loan programs; or (4) raising novel legal or policy issues arising out of legal mandates, the President's priorities, or the principles set forth in this Executive Order.

Pursuant to the terms of this Executive Order, EPA has determined that this rule is not "significant" and is therefore not subject to OMB review.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (Pub. L. 96-354, 94 Stat. 1164, 5 U.S.C. 601-612), the Administrator has determined that regulations establishing new tolerances or raising tolerance levels or establishing exemptions from tolerance requirements do not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. A certification statement to this effect was published in the **Federal Register** of May 4, 1981 (46 FR 24950).

#### List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 180

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: February 27, 1995.

**Daniel M. Barolo,**  
Director, Office of Pesticide Programs.

#### PART 180—[AMENDED]

Therefore, 40 CFR part 180 is amended as follows:

1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 21 U.S.C. 346a and 371.

2. In subpart D, by adding new § 180.1145, to read as follows:

**§ 180.1145 *Pseudomonas syringae*; exemption from the requirement of a tolerance.**

*Pseudomonas syringae* is exempted from the requirement of a tolerance on all raw agricultural commodities when applied postharvest according to good agricultural practices.

[FR Doc. 95-5655 Filed 3-7-95; 8:45 am]

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#### 40 CFR Part 180

[PP 4E4349/R2111; FRL-4940-3]

RIN 2070-AB78

#### Pesticide Tolerance for Amitraz

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This document establishes a tolerance for residues of the insecticide/miticide amitraz and its metabolites in or on imported dried hops at 60 parts per million (ppm). AgrEvo (formerly Nor Am) Chemical Co. requested this regulation to establish the maximum permissible level for residues of the insecticide/miticide in or on the commodity.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This regulation becomes effective March 8, 1995.

**ADDRESSES:** Written objections, identified by the document control number, [PP 4E4349/R2111], may be submitted to: Hearing Clerk (1900), Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. M3708, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. A copy of any objections and hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk should be identified by the document control number and submitted to: Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. In person, bring copy of objections and hearing requests to: Rm. 1132, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA 22202. Fees accompanying objections shall be labeled "Tolerance Petition Fees" and forwarded to: EPA Headquarters Accounting Operations Branch, OPP (Tolerance Fees), P.O. Box 360277M, Pittsburgh, PA 15251.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** By mail: Dennis H. Edwards, Jr.,

Registration Division (7505C), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: Rm. 207, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA 22202, (703)-305-386.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In the **Federal Register** of January 19, 1995 (60 FR 3797), EPA issued a proposed rule that gave notice that the AgrEvo (formerly Nor Am) Chemical Co., Little Falls Centre One, 2711 Centerville Rd., Wilmington, DE 19808, had petitioned EPA under section 408 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 346a, to establish a tolerance for the insecticide/miticide amitraz (*N*-[2,4-dimethylphenyl]-*N*-[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)imino]methyl]-*N*-methylmethanimidamide) and its metabolites *N*-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-*N*-methyl formamide and *N*-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-*N*-methylmethanimidamide (both calculated as the parent compound) in or on imported dried hops at 75 ppm. An EPA review of the data concluded that a tolerance of 60 ppm was needed given the existing application rates.

There were no comments or requests for referral to an advisory committee received in response to the proposed rule.

The data submitted on the proposal and other relevant material have been evaluated and discussed in the proposed rule. Based on the data and information considered, the Agency concludes that the tolerance will protect the public health. Therefore, the tolerance is established as set forth below.

Any person adversely affected by this regulation may, within 30 days after publication of this document in the **Federal Register**, file written objections and/or request a hearing with the Hearing Clerk, at the address given above (40 CFR 178.20). A copy of the objections and/or hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk should be submitted to the OPP docket for this rulemaking. The objections submitted must specify the provisions of the regulation deemed objectionable and the grounds for the objections (40 CFR 178.25). Each objection must be accompanied by the fee prescribed by 40 CFR 180.33(i). If a hearing is requested, the objections must include a statement of the factual issue(s) on which a hearing is requested, the requestor's contentions on such issues, and a summary of any evidence relied upon by the objector (40 CFR 178.27). A request for a hearing will be granted if the Administrator determines that the material submitted shows the following: